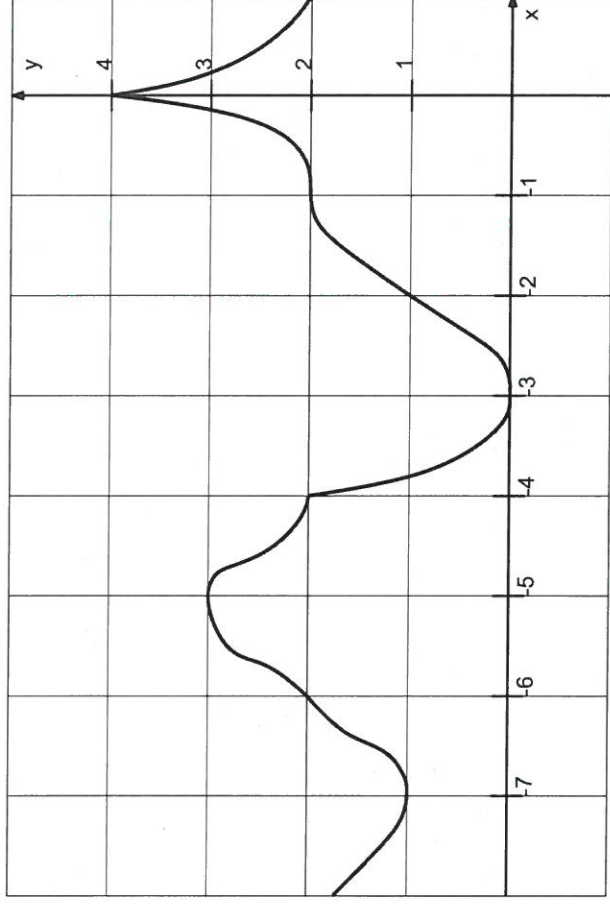


Name:	<b>ANSWERS</b>	A#:		Section:	<b>C/D</b>
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- [8] 1. Let  $f$  be a function whose graph of  $y = f(x)$  is given below.






Fill in the following.

- (a) The critical values of  $f$  are:  $-7, -5, -4, -3, -1, 0$
- (b)  $f$  has local minima at:  $-7, -3$  [possibly 1]
- (c)  $f$  has local maxima at:  $-5, 0$  [possibly  $y - 8$ ]
- (d) On the following intervals we have  $f'(x) > 0$ :  $(-7, -5), (-3, -1), (-1, 0)$
- (e) The global maximum of  $f$  on  $(-8, 1)$  is  $4$  (at  $0$ )
- (f) The global minimum of  $f$  on  $(-8, 1)$  is  $0$  (at  $-3$ )
- (g) The global maximum of  $f$  on  $[-7, -6]$  is  $2$  (at  $-6$ )
- (h) The global minimum of  $f$  on  $[-2, 0]$  is  $1$  (at  $-2$ )

$$f'(-1) = 0, \text{ not } > 0$$

- [3] 2. List and classify critical points of  $f$ , if its derivative is given by

$$f'(x) = \frac{(x-2)^3 x^2}{\sqrt[3]{x+2}}$$

- $x=2$  (local min)  (- just below, + just above)  
 $x=0$  (inflexion point)  (- " , - "  
 $x=-2$  (local max, nondifferentiable cusp)  (+ " , - " , unodd.)

- [4] 3. Let  $x, y$  be functions of  $t$  related by  $4x^2y^2 = x^4 + y^4$ . Compute  $\frac{dy}{dt}$  in terms of  $x, y, \frac{dx}{dt}$ .

$$4 \cdot 2x \frac{dx}{dt} y^2 + 4 \cdot x^2 \cdot 2y \frac{dy}{dt} = 4x^3 \frac{dx}{dt} + 4y^3 \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$(2xy^2 - x^3) \frac{dx}{dt} = (y^3 - 2x^3y) \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{2xy^2 - x^3}{y^3 - 2x^3y} \frac{dx}{dt}$$

- [5] 4. Find the global (absolute) maximum and the global minimum of  $f(x) = x^3 + 6x^2$  on  $[-5, -1]$ .

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 + 12x = (3x+12)x$$

$$f'(x) = 0 \text{ at } x=0, x=-4$$

$$f(-5) = 25$$

$$f(-4) = 32$$

~~$f(0) = 0$~~  out of range

Max

$$f(-1) = 5$$

Min.